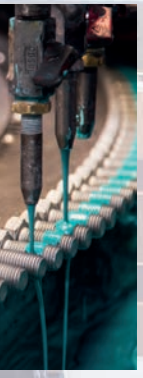
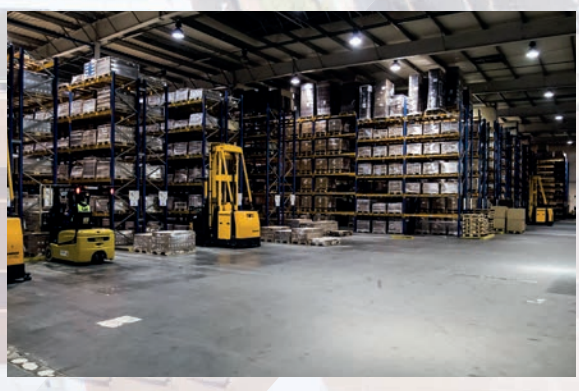
User Manual

HV Solutions for secure connections

HV high strength bolt sets
for preloading in accordance
with EN 14399-1:2015

RAWLPLUG®
Koelner Łańcucka Fabryka Śrub





Practice, advanced technology and 60 years of experience - these three factors make Rawlplug Koelner Lancucka Fabryka Srub one of the leading manufacturers of fasteners in Europe. The history of the plant dating back to 1957 is invaluable capital, which, combined with the latest technology and the best specialists, mean that the fasteners manufactured here are of the highest quality, reliability and innovation, meeting the requirements of customers from industries where safety and confidence are the basis.

Koelner Lancucka Fabryka Srub are part of the Rawlplug Group, which brings together numerous production plants and marketing companies covering all continents. Marked with the LF trademark, the solutions are used in many industries and in the largest, most prestigious investments around the world, which is proof of the highest level of quality and service ability.

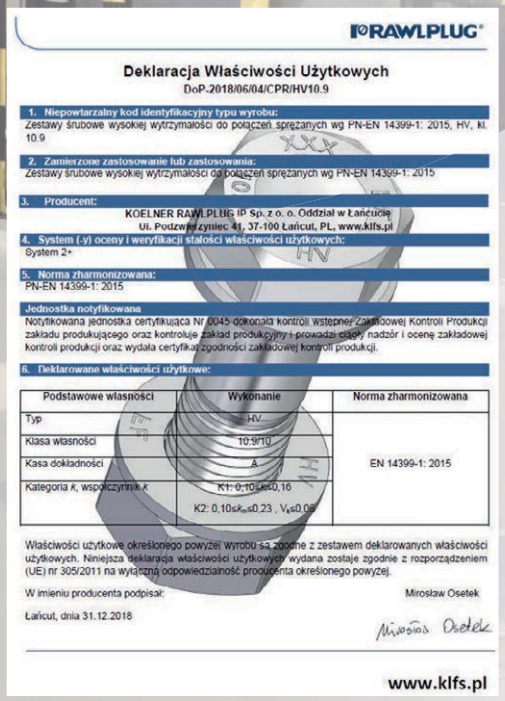
Our mission is to provide customers with products they can trust. We make this possible by continuously implementing product and production innovations. Due to the systematic reconstruction and modernization of the machine park and technological processes, we have become one of the most modern production plants in its category, employing highly qualified engineering and technical staff. Moreover we perform most of the processes on site giving us independence and absolute certainty of maintaining the highest production standards. We have our own modern research and development facilities. Our team consists of the following laboratories: Chemical, Length and Angle Measurement, Metallographic, Testing and Simulation, as well as Construction. In turn, the implemented quality management system, obtained certificates and approvals, as well as our own Quality Control Department ensure a tight and accurate control process of our fasteners and their appreciated reliability. The confirmation of our efforts is the Quality Management System implemented by the company, based on models compatible with **IATF 16949:2016, ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015 and ISO 45001:2018**. It is the basis for maintaining the highest level of quality of products and services, minimizing the impact on the environment, as well as maintaining occupational safety.


PR 3

We have been building our product portfolio for many years based on products from the medium and higher priced segments. In addition to standard products (such as welding bolts, flange bolts with serrations, bolts with rolled washer or inch bolts) we also manufacture highly special fasteners, which constitute up to 70% of the plant's production and are made according to drawings and specifications of our customers. Special products are used in many industries, for instance, the automotive industry, where the highest quality and flawless, precise workmanship count. Bolts with the LF mark contribute to the trouble-free operation of vehicles manufactured by leading European and global automotive manufacturers, which is the best confirmation of their highest quality. Rawlplug Koelner Lancucka Fabryka Srub is also a certified manufacturer of HV high strength sets in accordance with the harmonized standard EN 14399;2015 and the guidelines of CPR Directive no. 305/2011.

In addition to technical excellence, the values we follow as a company reflect our way of thinking and determine all our actions. Every day, we strive for excellence, we are open to change and constantly ready to take on new challenges. We are constantly looking for newer, even better solutions, continuing the rich tradition of both Koelner Lancucka Fabryka Srub, as well as the Rawlplug Group - a reputable manufacturer of fasteners with a 100-year history. We focus on teamwork and motivate our employees to excel, because we are convinced that their knowledge and competences are one of the keys to our success. Our highly skilled team of specialists have developed innovative solutions which we have incorporated into our daily production processes.

As an expert in the fasteners industry, we treat our position very seriously. The needs, requirements and expectations of our customers, both internal and external, are our priority, thanks to which - as well as thanks to the partnership approach - we create long-lasting and satisfying relationships with them. We proudly continue the history of Lancucka Fabryka Srub - this valuable heritage is a challenge, inspiration and driving force for the constant search for even better, more reliable and more accurate innovations. Innovations you can trust.



RAWLPLUG

Deklaracja Właściwości Użytkowych

DoP.2018/06/04/CPR/HV10.9

1. Niepowtarzalny kod identyfikacyjny typu wyrobu:
Zestawy śrubowe wysokiej wytrzymałości do połączeń sprężanych wg PN-EN 14399-1: 2015, HV, kl. 10.9

2. Zamierzone zastosowanie lub zastosowania:
Zestawy śrubowe wysokiej wytrzymałości do połączeń sprężanych wg PN-EN 14399-1: 2015

3. Producent:
KOELNER RAWLPLUG IP Sp. z o. o. Oddział w Łańcucie
Ul. Podzwierzyniec 41, 37-100 Łańcut, PL, www.klfs.pl

4. System (-y) oceny i weryfikacji stałości właściwości użytkowych:
System 2+

5. Norma zharmonizowana:
PN-EN 14399-1: 2015

Jednostka notyfikowana
Notyfikowana jednostka certyfikująca Nr 0045 dokonała kontroli wstępnej Zakładowej Kontroli Produkcji zakładu produkującego oraz kontroluje zakład produkcyjny i prowadzi ciągły nadzór i ocenę zakładowej kontroli produkcji oraz wydała certyfikat zgodności zakładowej kontroli produkcji.

6. Deklarowane właściwości użytkowe:

Podstawowe własności	Wykonanie	Norma zharmonizowana
Typ	HV	EN 14399-1: 2015
Klasa własności	10.9/10	
Kasa dokładności	A	
Kategoria k, współczynnik k	K1: $0,10 \leq k_m \leq 0,16$ K2: $0,10 \leq k_m \leq 0,23$, $V_m \leq 0,06$	

Właściwości użytkowe określonego powyżej wyrobu są zgodne z zestawem deklarowanych właściwości użytkowych. Niniejsza deklaracja właściwości użytkowych wydana zostaje zgodnie z rozporządzeniem (UE) nr 305/2011 na wyłączną odpowiedzialność producenta określonego powyżej.

W imieniu producenta podpisał: Mirosław Osetek

Łańcut, dnia 31.12.2018

www.klfs.pl

TÜV NORD

CERTIFICATE

OF CONFORMITY OF THE FACTORY PRODUCTION CONTROL

0045-CPR-1145/2

In compliance with Regulation (EU) No. 305/2011 of the European Parliament and the Council of March 2011 (the Construction products Regulation - CPR), this certificate applies to the construction product

High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading

placed on the market under the name or trade mark of

KOELNER RAWLPLUG IP Sp. z o.o.
ul. Kwidzyńska 6
PL-51-416 Wrocław

and produced in the manufacturing plant(s)

KOELNER RAWLPLUG IP Sp. z o.o.
ul. Podzwierzyniec 41
PL-37-100 Łańcut

This certificate attests that all provisions concerning the assessment and verification of constancy of performance described in Annex ZA of the standard

EN 14399-1:2015

under **system 2+** are applied and that the

factory production control is assessed to be in conformity with the applicable requirements.

The manufacturer is responsible for the usability of the CE-marked structural products acc. to the product standard and the Declaration of Performance (DoP).

This certificate was first issued in 2018-06-10 and will remain valid until **2023-08-10** as long as neither the harmonised standard, the construction product, the AVCP methods nor the manufacturing conditions in the plant are modified significantly, unless suspended or withdrawn by the notified body.

Hamburg, 2019-02-28

Validity endorsement
valid until 2023-08-10

Revision
Rev.: 1

Hoffmann
Certification Body

TÜV NORD Systems GmbH & Co. KG
Große Bahnstraße 31
D-22525 Hamburg
Germany

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SAP: 8116785049
Tel.: +49-(0) 40-8557-2366
e-mail: technikzentrum@tuev-nord.de

Accredited Body D-ZE 11074-03-00
Notified Body, ID number 0045

HV HIGH-STRENGTH STRUCTURAL BOLTING ASSEMBLIES FOR PRELOADING

HV set consists of:
- bolt and nut acc to EN 14399-4
- 2 washers acc to EN 14399-6

FEATURES AND ADVANTAGES

- Property grade 10.9 (Heat treatment process according to automotive specification CQI-9)
- Suitable for preloading according to DIN EN 1090-2
- K-class: K1, 0,10 ≤ k ≤ 0,16 K-class: K2, 0,10 ≤ km≤0,23; Vk≤0,06
- Hot dip galvanization (additionally process in accordance with Deutscher Schraubenverband e.V. requirements)
- Defined and controlled friction properties
- High fatigue resistance due to lack of ferrite delta

Full product traceability

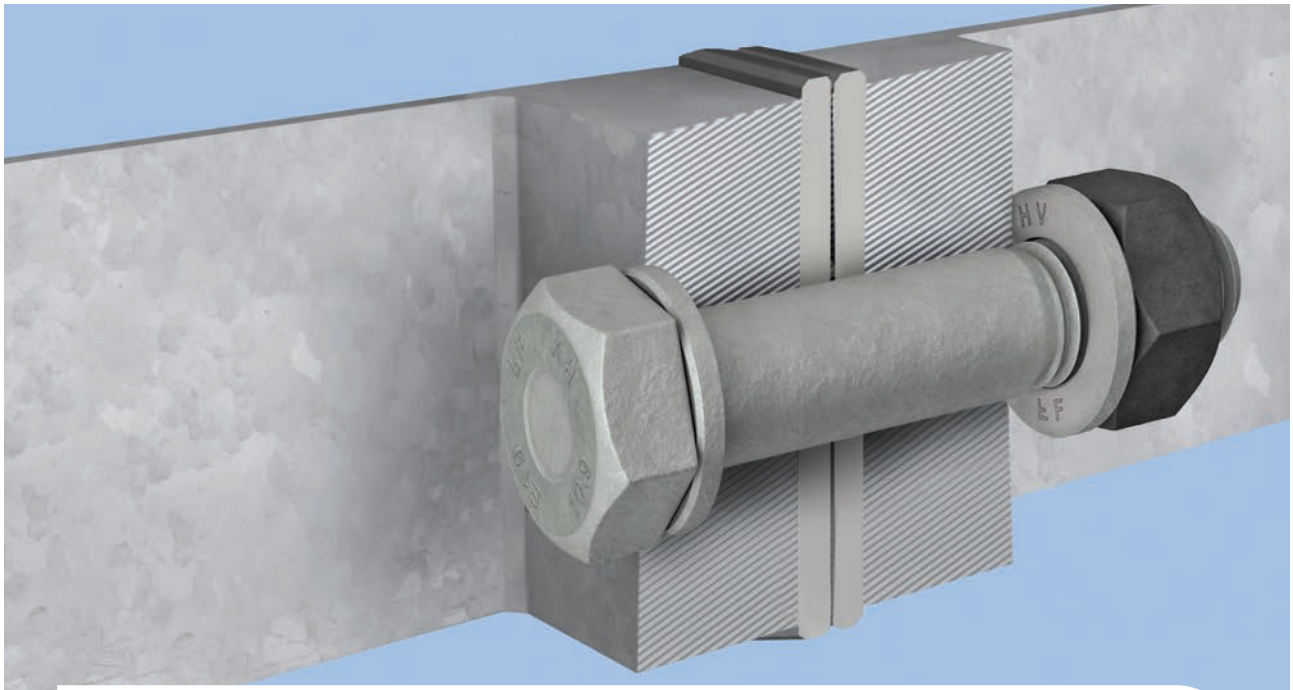
CONNECTIONS

Shear connections

- Category A: Bearing Type connections
- Category B: Slip-resistant at serviceability limit state
- Category C: Slip-resistant at ultimate limit state

Tension connections

- Category D: Non-preloaded
- Category E: Preloaded



HV sets enable reliable, fast and simple connection of steel constructions. Simplicity of connection and safe longterm usage are main advantages.

APPLICATIONS

- Halls
- Bridges
- Trading centres
- Roof constructions
- Internal building skeletons with large lateral spread
- Multi-level parkings
- Wind turbines
- Industrial installations

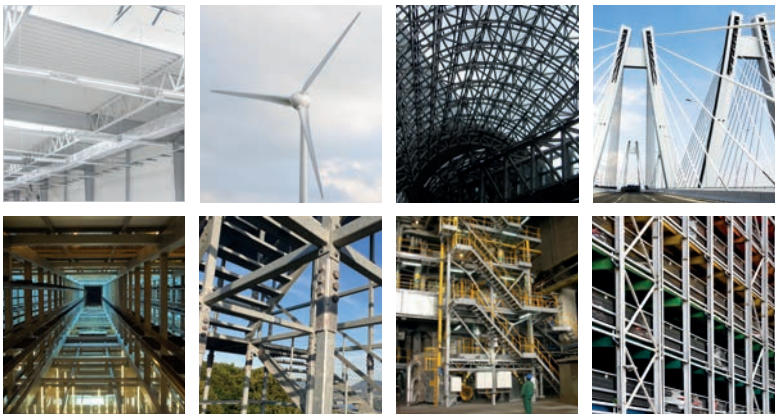


TABLE OF CONTENTS

HV1 LIST OF APPLICABLE STANDARDS

LIST OF APPLICABLE STANDARDS

Standard number	Year of issue*	Full name
EN 14399-1	2015	High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading - Par 1: General requirements
EN 14399-2	2015	High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading - Part 2: Suitability for preloading
EN 14399-4	2015	High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading - Part 4: Hexagon bolt and nut assemblies
EN 14399-6	2015	High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading - Part 6: Plain chamfered washers
EN 1090-2	2018	Execution of steel structures and aluminium structures - Part 2: Technical requirements for steel structures
ISO 898-1		Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel — Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs with specified property classes — Coarse thread and fine pitch thread
ISO 898-2		Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel — Part 2: Nuts with specified property classes — Coarse thread and fine pitch thread
ISO 898-3		Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel — Part 3: Flat washers with specified property classes
ISO 9001		Quality management systems - Requirements
IATF 16949	2016	Quality management system standard in the automotive industry
DIN 50602		Metallographic examination; microscopic examination of special steels using standard diagrams to assess the content of non-metallic inclusions
ISO 148-1		Metallic materials — Charpy pendulum impact test — Part 1: Test method
ISO 6157-3		Fasteners — Surface discontinuities — Part 3: Bolts, screws and studs for special requirements
ISO 6157-2		Fasteners - Surface discontinuities - Part 2: Nuts
ISO 10684		Fasteners — Hot dip galvanized coatings
EN 1993-1-8		Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures -Part 1-8: Design of joints
EN ISO 6789		Assembly tools for screws and nuts — Hand torque tools — Requirements and test methods for design conformance testing, quality conformance testing and recalibration procedure
EN 10204	2004	Metallic Products: Types of Inspection Documents
ISO 2859-5		Sampling procedures for inspection by attributes - Part 5: System of sequential sampling plans indexed by acceptance quality limit (AQL) for lot-by-lot inspection

* The latest issue applies to standards for which no date of issue is given.

HV2 SALE OF HV PRODUCTS

SALE OF HV PRODUCTS

HV sets are available for sale from the warehouse in the M12 - M36 range, in accordance with the following table. Confirmation of product availability when bidding is required. Possibility to manufacture other sizes for verification after request for proposal.

Größe	12	16	20	22	24	27	30	36
30								
35								
40								
45								
50								
55								
60								
65								
70								
75								
80								
85								
90								
95								
100								
105								
110								
115								
120								
125								
130								
140								
145								
150								
155								
160								
165								
170								
175								
180								
185								
190								
195								
200								
210								
220								
230								
240								
250								
260								

Standard range

Additonal range outside the standard

HV2 SALE OF HV PRODUCTS

Bolts, nuts and washers are packed separately. Alternative packaging option available on request.

Tab. 1. Number of pieces in packages - bolts.

Size	Piece
12x30	100
12x35	100
12x40	100
12x45	100
12x50	100
12x55	100
12x60	50
12x65	50
12x70	50
12x75	50
12x80	50
12x85	50
12x90	50
12x95	50
12x100	50
12x105	50
12x110	50
12x115	50
12x120	50
12x125	50
12x130	50
12x135	50
12x140	50
12x145	50
12x150	50
12x155	50
12x160	50
12x165	50
12x170	50
12x175	50
12x180	50
12x185	50
12x190	50
12x195	50
12x200	50
16x35	50
16x40	50
16x45	50
16x50	50
16x55	50
16x60	50
16x65	50
16x70	50
16x75	50
16x80	25
16x85	25
16x90	25
16x95	25
16x100	25
16x105	25
16x110	25
16x115	25
16x120	25
16x125	25

Size	Piece
16x130	25
16x135	25
16x140	25
16x145	25
16x150	25
16x155	25
16x160	25
16x165	25
16x170	25
16x175	25
16x180	25
16x185	25
16x190	25
16x195	25
16x200	25
16x210	25
16x220	25
20x40	25
20x45	25
20x50	25
20x55	25
20x60	25
20x65	25
20x70	25
20x75	25
20x80	25
20x85	25
20x90	25
20x95	25
20x100	25
20x105	25
20x110	25
20x115	25
20x120	25
20x125	25
20x130	25
20x135	25
20x140	25
20x145	25
20x150	25
20x155	20
20x160	20
20x165	20
20x170	20
20x175	20
20x180	20
20x185	20
20x190	20
20x195	20
20x200	20
20x210	20
20x220	20
20x230	20
20x240	20

Size	Piece
20x250	20
20x260	20
22x50	25
22x55	25
22x60	25
22x65	25
22x70	25
22x75	25
22x80	25
22x85	25
22x90	25
22x95	25
22x100	25
22x105	25
22x110	25
22x115	25
22x120	20
22x125	20
22x130	20
22x135	20
22x140	20
22x145	20
22x150	20
22x155	20
22x160	20
22x165	20
22x170	20
22x175	20
22x180	20
22x185	20
22x190	20
22x195	20
22x200	20
22x210	20
22x220	20
22x230	20
22x240	20
24x50	25
24x55	25
24x60	25
24x65	25
24x70	25
24x75	25
24x80	25
24x85	25
24x90	25
24x95	25
24x100	25
24x105	25
24x110	25
24x115	25
24x120	20
24x125	20
24x130	20

Size	Piece
24x135	20
24x140	20
24x145	20
24x150	20
24x155	20
24x160	20
24x165	20
24x170	10
24x175	10
24x180	10
24x185	10
24x190	10
24x195	10
24x200	10
24x210	10
24x220	10
24x230	10
24x240	10
27x60	25
27x65	25
27x70	25
27x75	25
27x80	25
27x85	25
27x90	25
27x95	25
27x100	25
27x105	25
27x110	25
27x115	25
27x120	20
27x125	20
27x130	20
27x135	20
27x140	20
27x145	20
27x150	20
27x155	10
27x160	10
27x165	10
27x170	10
27x175	10
27x180	10
27x185	10
27x190	10
27x195	10
27x200	10
27x210	10
27x220	10
27x230	10
27x240	10
30x70	10
30x75	10
30x80	10

Size	Piece
30x85	10
30x90	10
30x95	10
30x100	10
30x105	10
30x110	10
30x115	10
30x120	10
30x125	10
30x130	10
30x135	10
30x140	10
30x145	10
30x150	10
30x155	10
30x160	10
30x165	5
30x170	5
30x175	5
30x180	5
30x185	5
30x190	5
30x195	5
30x200	5
30x210	5
30x220	5
30x230	5
30x240	5
36x85	5
36x90	5
36x95	5
36x100	5
36x105	5
36x110	5
36x115	5
36x120	5
36x125	5
36x130	5
36x135	5
36x140	5
36x145	5
36x150	5
36x155	5
36x160	5
36x165	5
36x170	5
36x175	5
36x180	5
36x185	5
36x190	5
36x195	5
36x200	5

HV2 SALE OF HV PRODUCTS

Tab. 2. Number of pieces in packages - washers and nuts.

Size	Piece	Size	Piece
NUTS		WASHERS	
12	200	12	200
16	100	16	200
20	100	20	200
22	50	22	200
24	50	24	200
27	50	27	100
30	50	30	100
36	25	36	50

PRODUCT TRACEABILITY - HIGH STRENGTH HV SET

The ERP system adapted to our needs allows for 100% product traceability during its production.

The product receives a unique ID Number and the Batch Number. In addition, the "Labeling" field is used for HV bolts, where the batch number placed on the head of the bolt is recorded.

We can also easily identify the steel grade and the heat number used for production. This is an important information, because under the heat number there are exact values of the chemical composition, which allows to flawlessly perform the heat treatment process. One of the most important processes for mechanical properties in the entire production of HV high strength bolts.

The ERP system for a given production batch contains the information about individual operations, state, as well as their start and end dates. Thanks to this, the production is monitored on an ongoing basis.

The components included in the HV set also have an original batch number, which ensures full traceability of production and easy access to detailed test results.

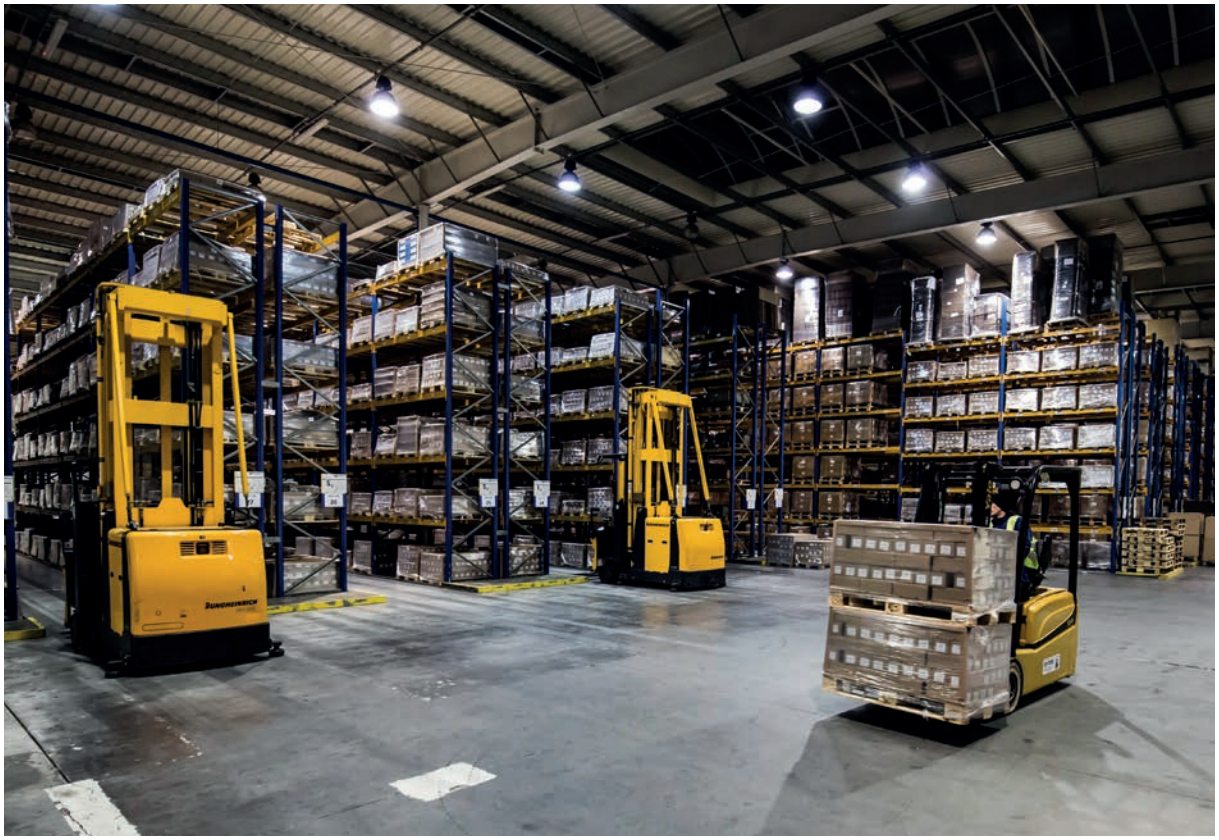
MANUFACTURER'S TECHNICAL SUPPORT

The manufacturer provides technical support. Consultations and advice by e-mail available 24 hours.

Contact details:

support.klfs@rawlplug.com

The manufacturer guarantees research support and availability of laboratories in cases of doubts concerning the quality of the set and the connection itself.



HV3 BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

a) High strength bolt sets for preloading of the HV system should comply with the requirements of EN 14399-1;2015, EN 14399-2;2015, EN 14399-4;2015, EN 1090-2;2018. Compliance confirmation tests are performed according to the guidelines of the aforementioned standards.

b) The entire bolt set should be supplied by one manufacturer.

c) All bolt sets should have the CE mark, which should be placed on the labels.

d) The manufacturer of HV bolt sets should have and present the copy of the certificate for compliance with the standards in question, as well as the confirmation that the factory production control was approved by the third party's audit.

e) The components of the bolt set should be fully traceable.

f) Documents confirming the quality of the set should be kept by the manufacturer, and delivered on the recipient's request within two business days.

g) For the bolt class -K2, the characterizing parameters should be determined in the suitability test of preloading according to the standard PN-14399-2;2015 and compliant with the values according to the standard PN-EN 14399-4;2015.

h) Stainless steel bolts are not used in preloading, unless specified otherwise. The bolts are then treated as special fasteners.

3.2 BOLT LENGTH SELECTION

The bolt length is selected according to the clamp length Σt of the parts to be connected. The design engineer should select the bolt length taking into account the use of two washers (2x*h*) (see Tab. 3) and the total thickness of all connected supporting plates and supports (t_{s2}). Knowing what bolt range we need and knowing the value of the parameter Σt, using Tab. 4, we determine the HV bolt length.

$$\Sigma t = t_{s2} + (2xh) \qquad (1)$$

Example:

We use the M20 bolt, and the thickness of the three components to be connected is: 32, 32, 30 [mm]. Looking at Table 3, we know that both washers are 8 [mm] thick. Using the formula, we get:

$$\Sigma t = (32+32+30)+8 = 102\ [mm] \qquad (2)$$

For size M20 with a total clamp length **Σt equal to 102[mm]** use **the bolt with a length of 125 [mm] (M20 x125).**

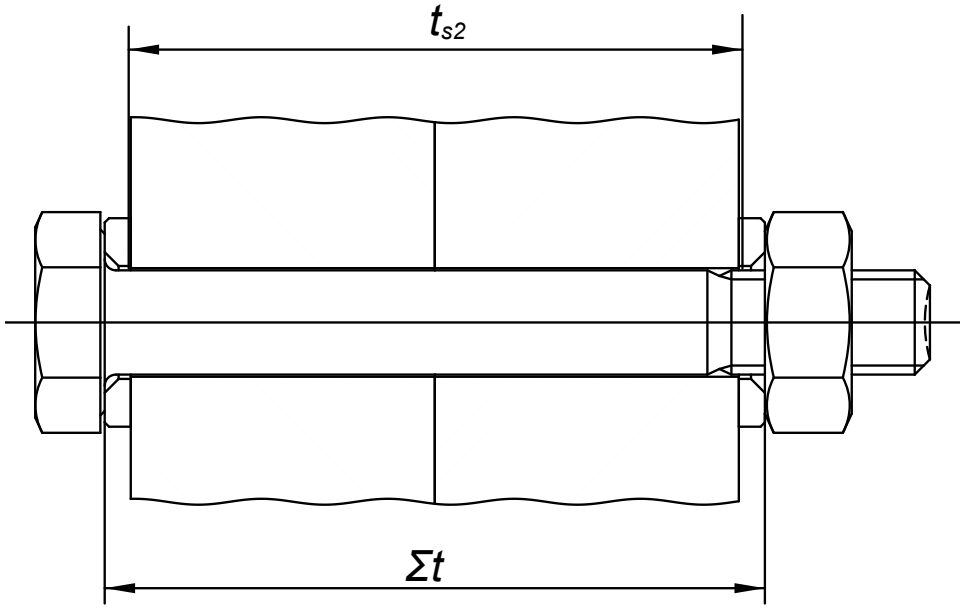


Fig. 1 Clamp length Σt of parts to be connected.

Tab. 3. Nominal thickness [mm] of two washers for a given assortment

Nominal thickness [mm] of two washers for a given assortment								
Assortment	**M12**	**M16**	**M20**	**M22**	**M24**	**M27**	**M30**	**M36**
Thickness (2xh)	6	8	8	8	8	10	10	12

HV3 BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Tab. 4. Clamping length range Σt.

Bolt length [mm]	Clamping length range Σt [mm]							
	M12	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30	M36
30	11 - 16							
35	16 - 21	12 - 17						
40	21 - 26	17 - 22	13 - 18					
45	26 - 31	22 - 27	18 - 23					
50	31 - 36	27 - 32	23 - 28	22 - 27	19 - 24			
55	36 - 41	32 - 37	28 - 33	27 - 32	24 -29			
60	41 - 46	37 - 42	33 - 38	32 - 37	29 - 34	26 - 31		
65	46 - 51	42 - 47	38 - 43	37 - 42	34 - 39	31 - 36		
70	51 - 56	47 - 52	43- 48	42- 47	39 - 44	36 - 41	34 - 39	
75	56 - 61	52 - 57	48- 53	47 - 52	44 - 49	41 - 46	39 - 44	
80	61 - 66	57 - 62	53 - 58	52 - 57	49 - 54	46 - 51	44 - 49	
85	66 - 71	62 - 67	58 - 63	57 - 62	54 - 59	51 - 56	49 - 54	43 - 48
90	71 - 76	67 - 72	63 - 68	62 - 67	59 - 64	56 - 61	54 - 59	48 - 53
95	76 - 81	72 - 77	68 - 73	67 - 72	64 - 69	61 - 66	59 - 64	53 - 58
100	81 - 86	77 - 82	73 - 78	72 - 77	69 - 74	66 - 71	64 - 69	58 - 63
105	86 - 91	82 - 87	78 - 83	77 - 82	74 - 79	71 - 76	69 - 74	63 - 68
110	91 - 96	87- 92	83 - 88	82 - 87	79 - 84	76 - 81	74 - 79	68 - 73
115	96 - 101	92 - 97	88 - 93	87 - 92	84 - 89	81 - 86	79 - 84	73 - 78
120	101 - 106	97 - 102	93 - 98	92 - 97	89 - 94	86 - 91	84 - 89	78 - 83
125	106 - 111	102 - 107	98 - 103	97 - 102	94 - 99	91 - 96	89 - 94	83 - 88
130	111 - 116	107 - 112	103 - 108	102 - 107	99 - 104	96 - 101	94 - 99	88 - 93
135	116 - 121	112 - 117	108 - 113	107 - 112	104 - 109	101 - 106	99 - 104	93 - 98
140	121 - 126	117 - 122	113 - 118	112 - 117	109 - 114	106 – 111	104 - 109	98 - 103
145	126 - 131	122 - 127	118 - 123	117 - 122	114 - 119	111 - 116	109 - 114	103 - 108
150	131 - 136	127 - 132	123 - 128	122 - 127	119 - 124	116 - 121	114 - 119	108 - 113
155	136 - 141	132 - 137	128 - 133	127 - 132	124 - 129	121 - 126	119 - 124	113 - 118
160	141 - 146	137 - 142	133 - 138	132 - 137	129 - 134	126 - 131	124 - 129	118 - 123
165	146 - 151	142 - 147	138 - 143	137 - 142	134 - 139	131 - 136	129 - 134	123 - 128
170	151 - 156	147 - 152	143 - 148	142 - 147	139 - 144	136 - 141	134 - 139	128 - 133
175	156 - 161	152 - 157	148 - 153	147 - 152	144 - 149	141 - 146	139 - 144	133 - 138
180	161 - 166	157 - 162	153 - 158	152 - 157	149 - 154	146 - 151	144 - 149	138 - 143
185	166 - 171	162 - 167	158 - 163	157 - 162	154 - 159	151 - 156	149 - 154	143 - 148
190	171 - 176	167 - 172	163 - 168	162 - 167	159 - 164	156 - 161	154 - 159	148 - 153
195	176 - 181	172- 177	168 - 173	167 - 172	164 - 169	161 - 166	159 - 164	153 - 158
200	181 - 186	177 - 182	173 - 178	172 - 177	169 - 174	166 - 171	164 - 169	158 - 163
210		187 - 192	183 - 188	182 - 187	179 - 184	176 - 181	174 - 179	
220		197 - 202	193 - 198	192 - 197	189 - 194	186 - 191	184 - 189	
230			203 - 208	202 - 207	199 - 204	196 - 201	194 - 199	
240			213 - 218	212 - 217	209 - 214	206 - 211	204 - 209	
250			223 - 228					
260			233 - 238					

Legend: Within EN 14399-4;2015 | Produced at the customer's request

HV3 BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

3.3 REQUIREMENTS FOR BOLTS WITH INCREASED STRENGTH IN CLASS 10.9 (ACCORDING TO EN 14399-4;2015)

3.3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Tab. 5. Requirements for bolts and standards referenced by EN 14399-4:2015.

Material		Steel
General requirements		EN 14399-1 and EN 14399-2
Thread	Tolerance	6g [a]
	International standards	ISO 261, ISO 965-2
Mechanical properties	Mechanical property class	10.9
	European standard	EN ISO 898-1
Impact strength	Value	$K_{v,\,min}$ = 27 J at - 20°C
	Sample for testing[b]	ISO 148
	Test	EN 10045-1
Tolerances	Accuracy class	C except: c and r dimensions. Length tolerance ≥ 155 mm: $^{+\,IT\,17}_{-\frac{1}{2}\,IT\,17}$
	European standard	EN ISO 4759-1
Surface finish[a]	Normal	According to the process [d]
	Hot-dip galvanized	EN ISO 10684
	Other	To be agreed [e]
Surface discontinuities		Limitations concerning surface discontinuities are specified in EN 26157-1
Acceptance		Acceptance procedure, see EN ISO 3269.

[a] Specified tolerance class applies to dimensions prior to galvanization using the hot-dip galvanization method. Hot-dip galvanized bolts are intended for the set with an oversized threaded nut.

[b] Location of the Charpy V-notch in the sample for bolt testing should be as specified in EN ISO 898-1.

[c] Attention is drawn to the need to take into account the risk of hydrogen embrittlement for bolts of mechanical properties class 10.9 when selecting the appropriate surface treatment process (e.g. cleaning and coating), see appropriate coating standards.

[d] "According to the process" means normal finish performed by the manufacturer and light oil coverage.

[e] The recipient and the manufacturer may agree on other coatings, if they do not affect the reduction of mechanical properties or performance characteristics. Cadmium or cadmium alloy coatings are not allowed.

HV3 BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

3.3.2 MECHANICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

HV bolts should meet the requirements of EN 14339-4;2015.

Tab. 6. Mechanical and physical properties of bolts according to EN ISO 898-1:2012.

No.	Physical or mechanical property		Value
1	Tensile strength, R_m, MPa	nom.[a]	1000
		min.	1040
2	Lower yield point, R_{eL} [b], MPa	nom.[a]	-
		min.	-
3	Stress at 0.2% disproportionate elongation, $R_{p0,2}$, MPa	nom.[a]	900
		min.	940
4	Stress at disproportionate elongation of 0.0048 d for full-size fasteners, R_{pf}, MPa	nom.[a]	—
		min.	
5	Stress under test load, S_p [c], MPa	nom.	830
	Strength ratio	$S_{p,nom}/R_{eL\ min}$ or $S_{p,nom}/R_{p0,2\ min}$ or $S_{p,nom}/R_{pf\ min}$	0,88
6	Percent elongation after cracking for processed samples for testing, *A, %*	min.	9
7	Percent reduction in the surface after cracking for processed samples for testing, *Z, %*	min.	48
8	Elongation after cracking for full-size fasteners, A_f (see also Appendix C in ISO 898-1;2012)	min.	—
9	Head solidity		No cracks
10	Vickers hardness, HV $F \geq 98$ N	min.	320
		maks.	380
11	Brinell hardness, HBW $F = 30\ D^2$	min.	316
		max.	375
12	Rockwell hardness, HRB	min.	—
		max.	—
	Rockwell hardness, HRC	min.	32
		max.	39
13	Surface hardness, HV 0,3	max.	390
14	Non-carburization, HV 0,3	max.	d
15	Height of non-decarburized thread zone, *E*, mm	min.	2/3 H1
	Depth of complete decarburization in the thread, *G*, mm	max.	0,015
16	Hardness reduction after re-tempering, HV	max.	20
17	Destructive torque, M_B, N.m	min.	According to ISO 898-7
18	Impact strength, K_v [e, f, j]	min.	27
19	Surface integrity according to		ISO 6157-1 / ISO 6157-3[g]

[a] Rated values are specified only for the purposes of the marking system for the property classes. See, Section 5 of ISO 898-1:2012.

[b] In cases where the lower yield point ReLnie can be determined, it is allowed to measure the stress at 0.2% disproportionate elongation of Rp0.2.

[c] Test loads are specified in Tables 5 and 7 of ISO 898-1:2012.

[d] The surface hardness should not be higher than 30 Vickers points above the measured hardness of the core of the fastener, when the determination of both surface hardness and core hardness is performed with HV 0.3.

[e] This applies to d ≥ 16 mm.

[f] The value for KV is tested.

[g] Instead of ISO 6157-1, ISO 6157-3 may apply, on the basis of the agreement between the manufacturer and the buyer.

HV3 BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

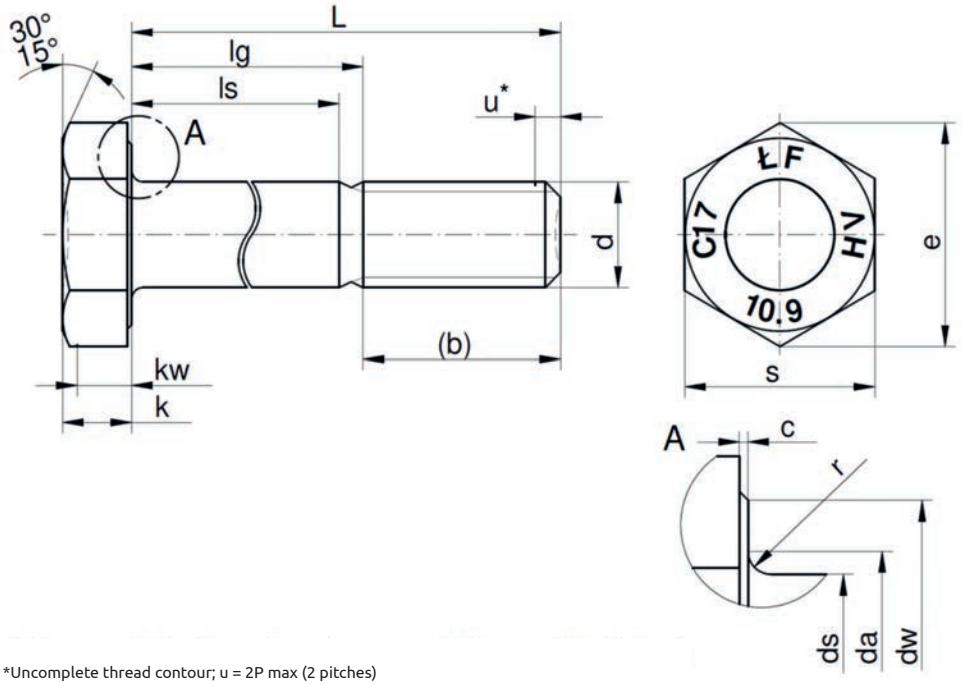
Tab. 7. Loads - standard metric thread, ISO EN ISO 898-1:2012.

Thread[a]	d		M12	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30	M33	M36
Nominal cross-sectional area	$A_{s,nom}$ [b]	mm²	84,3	157	245	303	353	459	561	694	817
			Minimum final tensile load, $F_{m\,min}$ ($A_{s,nom\,x}$ $R_{m,\,min}$), N								
			87 700	163 000	255 000	315 000	367 000	477 000	583 000	722 000	850 000
			Proof load, F_p ($A_{s,nom}$ x $S_{p,\,nom}$), N								
			70 000	130 000	203 000	252 000	293 000	381 000	466 000	576 000	678 000

[a] In those cases where no thread pitch is indicated in the thread designation, the normal pitch is specified.
[b] To calculate $A_{s,\,nom}$ see 9.1.6.1 ISO 898;2012

3.3.3 BOLT DIMENSIONS

Bolt geometry in accordance with PN-EN 14399-4;2015



*Uncomplete thread contour; u = 2P max (2 pitches)

Abb. 2. Bolt according to EN 14399-4;2015.

Tab. 8. Bolt dimensions according to EN 14399-4;2015.

Thread (d)		M12	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30	M36
Pitch		1,75	2,0	2,5	2,5	3,0	3,0	3,5	4,0
b (ref.)		23	28	33	34	39	41	44	52
c	min	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4
	max	0,6	0,6	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8
da max		15,2	19,2	24,0	26,0	28,0	32,0	35,0	41,0
ds	nom.	12	16	20	22	24	27	30	36
	min	11,30	15,30	19,16	21,16	23,16	26,16	29,16	35,00
	max	12,70	16,70	20,84	22,84	24,84	27,84	30,84	37,00
dw min		20,1	24,9	29,5	33,3	38,0	42,8	46,6	55,9
e min		23,91	29,56	35,03	39,55	45,20	50,85	55,37	66,44
k	nom.	8	10	13	14	15	17	19	23
	min	7,55	9,25	12,10	13,10	14,10	16,10	17,95	21,95
	max	8,45	10,75	13,90	14,90	15,90	17,90	20,05	24,05
kw min		5,28	6,47	8,47	9,17	9,87	11,27	12,56	15,36
r min		1,2	1,2	1,5	1,5	1,5	2,0	2,0	2,0
s	max = nom.	22	27	32	36	41	46	50	60
	min	21,16	26,16	31,00	35,00	40,00	45,00	49,00	58,80

HV3 BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Tab. 9. Ls min. and lg max. dimensions in the bolt according to EN 14399-4;2015.

L		ls & lg															
Lnom	Tol. L	M12		M16		M20		M22		M24		M27		M30		M36	
		ls min	lg max	ls min	lg max	ls min	lg max	ls min	lg max	ls min	lg max	ls min	lg max	ls min	lg max	ls min	lg max
30	±1,25	2,5	7														
35	±1,25	6,75	12	2,5	7												
40	±1,25	11,75	17	6	12	2,5	7										
45	±1,25	16,75	22	11	17	4,5	12	3,5	11								
50	±1,25	21,75	27	16	22	9,5	17	8,5	16	2,5	11						
55	±1,5	26,75	32	21	27	14,5	22	13,5	21	7	16						
60	±1,5	31,75	37	26	32	19,5	27	18,5	26	12	21	10	19				
65	±1,5	36,75	42	31	37	24,5	32	23,5	31	17	26	15	24				
70	±1,5	41,75	47	36	42	29,5	37	28,5	36	22	31	20	29	15,5	26		
75	±1,5	46,75	52	41	47	34,5	42	33,5	41	27	36	25	34	20,5	31		
80	±1,5	51,75	57	46	52	39,5	47	38,5	46	32	41	30	39	25,5	36		
85	±1,75	56,75	62	51	57	44,5	52	43,5	51	37	46	35	44	30,5	41	21	33
90	±1,75	61,75	67	56	62	49,5	57	48,5	56	42	51	40	49	35,5	46	26	38
95	±1,75	66,75	72	61	67	54,5	62	53,5	61	47	56	45	54	40,5	51	31	43
100	±1,75	71,75	77	66	72	59,5	67	58,5	66	52	61	50	59	45,5	56	36	48
105	±1,75	76,75	82	71	77	64,5	72	63,5	71	57	66	55	64	50,5	61	41	53
110	±1,75	81,75	87	76	82	69,5	77	68,5	76	62	71	60	69	55,5	66	46	58
115	±1,75	86,75	92	81	87	74,5	82	73,5	81	67	76	65	74	60,5	71	51	63
120	±1,75	91,75	97	86	92	79,5	87	78,5	86	72	81	70	79	65,5	76	56	68
125	±2,0	96,75	102	91	97	84,5	92	83,5	91	77	86	75	84	70,5	81	61	73
130	±2,0	101,75	107	96	102	89,5	97	88,5	96	82	91	80	89	75,5	86	66	78
135	±2,0	106,75	112	101	107	94,5	102	93,5	101	87	96	85	94	80,5	91	71	83
140	±2,0	111,75	117	106	112	99,5	107	98,5	106	92	101	90	99	85,5	96	76	88
145	±2,0	116,75	122	111	117	104,5	112	103,5	111	97	106	95	104	90,5	101	81	93
150	±2,0	121,75	127	116	122	109,5	117	108,5	116	102	111	100	109	95,5	106	86	98
155	+4,0/-2,0	126,75	132	121	127	114,5	122	113,5	121	107	116	105	114	100,5	111	91	103
160	+4,0/-2,0	131,75	137	126	132	119,5	127	118,5	126	112	121	110	119	105,5	116	96	108
165	+4,0/-2,0	136,75	142	131	137	124,5	132	123,5	131	117	126	115	124	110,5	121	101	113
170	+4,0/-2,0	141,75	147	136	142	129,5	137	128,5	136	122	131	120	129	115,5	126	106	118
175	+4,0/-2,0	146,75	152	141	147	134,5	142	133,5	141	127	136	125	134	120,5	131	111	123
180	+4,0/-2,0	151,75	157	146	152	139,5	147	138,5	146	132	141	130	139	125,5	136	116	128
185	+4,6/-2,3	156,75	162	151	157	144,5	152	143,5	151	137	146	135	144	130,5	141	121	133
190	+4,6/-2,3	161,75	167	156	162	149,5	157	148,5	156	142	151	140	149	135,5	146	126	138
195	+4,6/-2,3	166,75	172	161	167	154,5	162	153,5	161	147	156	145	154	140,5	151	131	143
200	+4,6/-2,3	171,75	177	166	172	159,5	167	158,5	166	152	161	150	159	147,5	156	136	148
210	+4,6/-2,3			171	177	164,5	172	163,5	171	157	166	160	169	161,5	166		
220	+5,2/-2,9			176	182	169,5	177	168,5	176	162	171	170	179	175,5	176		
230	+5,2/-2,9					174,5	182	173,5	181	167	176	180	189	189,5	186		
240	+5,2/-2,9					179,5	187	178,5	186	172	181	190	199	203,5	196		
250	+5,8/-3,4					184,5	192										
260	+5,8/-3,4					189,5	197										

HV3 BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Tab. 10. Bolt weight according to EN 14399-4;2015.

Assortment / Length	Bolt weight [g/st]							
	M12	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30	M36
30	47,72							
35	52,15	95,28						
40	56,58	103,15	171,71					
45	61,01	111,03	184,02	237,80				
50	65,44	118,90	196,32	252,69	319,53			
55	69,87	126,78	208,62	267,58	337,24			
60	74,30	134,65	220,93	282,47	354,96	478,73		
65	78,73	142,53	233,23	297,36	372,68	501,15		
70	83,15	150,40	245,54	312,24	390,40	523,58	650,77	
75	87,58	158,28	257,84	327,13	408,12	546,00	690,64	
80	92,01	166,15	270,14	342,02	425,83	568,42	718,32	
85	96,44	174,03	282,45	356,91	443,55	590,85	746,01	1164,05
90	100,87	181,90	294,75	371,80	461,27	613,27	773,69	1203,92
95	105,30	189,78	307,06	386,68	478,99	635,70	801,37	1243,78
100	109,73	197,65	319,36	401,57	496,71	658,12	829,06	1283,65
105	114,16	205,53	331,66	416,46	514,42	680,54	856,74	1323,51
110	118,59	213,40	343,97	431,35	532,14	702,97	884,43	1363,38
115	123,02	221,28	356,27	446,24	549,86	725,39	912,11	1403,24
120	127,44	229,15	368,58	461,12	567,58	747,82	939,79	1443,11
125	131,87	237,03	380,88	476,01	585,30	770,24	967,48	1482,97
130	136,30	244,90	393,18	490,90	603,01	792,66	995,16	1522,84
135	140,73	252,78	405,49	505,79	620,73	815,09	1022,85	1562,70
140	145,16	260,65	417,79	520,68	638,45	837,51	1050,53	1602,57
145	149,59	268,53	430,10	535,56	656,17	859,94	1078,21	1642,43
150	154,02	276,40	442,40	550,45	673,89	882,36	1105,90	1682,30
155	158,45	284,28	454,70	565,34	691,60	904,78	1133,58	1722,16
160	162,88	292,15	467,01	580,23	709,32	927,21	1161,27	1762,03
165	167,31	300,03	479,31	595,12	727,04	949,63	1188,95	1801,89
170	171,73	307,90	491,61	610,00	744,76	972,06	1216,63	1841,76
175	176,16	315,78	503,92	624,89	762,48	994,48	1244,32	1881,62
180	180,59	323,65	516,22	639,78	780,19	1016,90	1272,00	1921,49
185	185,02	331,53	528,53	654,67	797,91	1039,33	1299,69	1961,35
190	189,45	339,40	540,83	669,56	815,63	1061,75	1327,37	2001,22
195	193,88	347,28	553,13	684,44	833,35	1084,18	1355,05	2041,08
200	198,31	355,15	565,44	699,33	851,07	1106,60	1382,74	2080,95
210		370,90	590,05	729,11	886,50	1151,45	1438,11	
220		386,65	614,65	758,88	921,94	1196,30	1493,47	
230			639,26	788,66	957,37	1241,14	1548,84	
240			663,87	818,44	992,81	1285,99	1604,21	
250			688,48					
260			713,09					

Thread tolerance should be compliant with the 6g test before the hot-dip galvanization process. After the coating process, the bolts should be controlled using the nut in the 6AZ tolerance.

HV3 BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

3.3.3.1 HOT-DIP GALVANIZATION PROCESS

3.3.3.1.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The process should be conducted according to ISO 10684 with additional requirements and guidelines according to DASt 022 and DSV GAV, the guide for the manufacture of galvanized bolts ("Herstellung feuerverzinkter Schrauben").

Additional process requirements must be implemented due to the risk of hydrogen embrittlement and bolt cracking under stress. If hydrochloric acid used as the pickling medium before the process, use inhibitors and limit the residence time to a maximum of 15 minutes. High temperature coating 530-560 °C is only allowed up to a maximum diameter of M24.

Before the coating is applied, randomly check several pieces for cracks. Tests for the phenomenon of sensitization of bolts to hydrogen embrittlement should be performed in relation to the process according to ISO 15330.

Hot-dip galvanization provides efficient and durable anti-corrosion protection even in an aggressive atmosphere. Depending on the severity of adverse conditions, the zinc coating with a thickness from 50 to 70 µm, permanently bonded to the base material, guarantees full functionality of the bolt connection for many years.

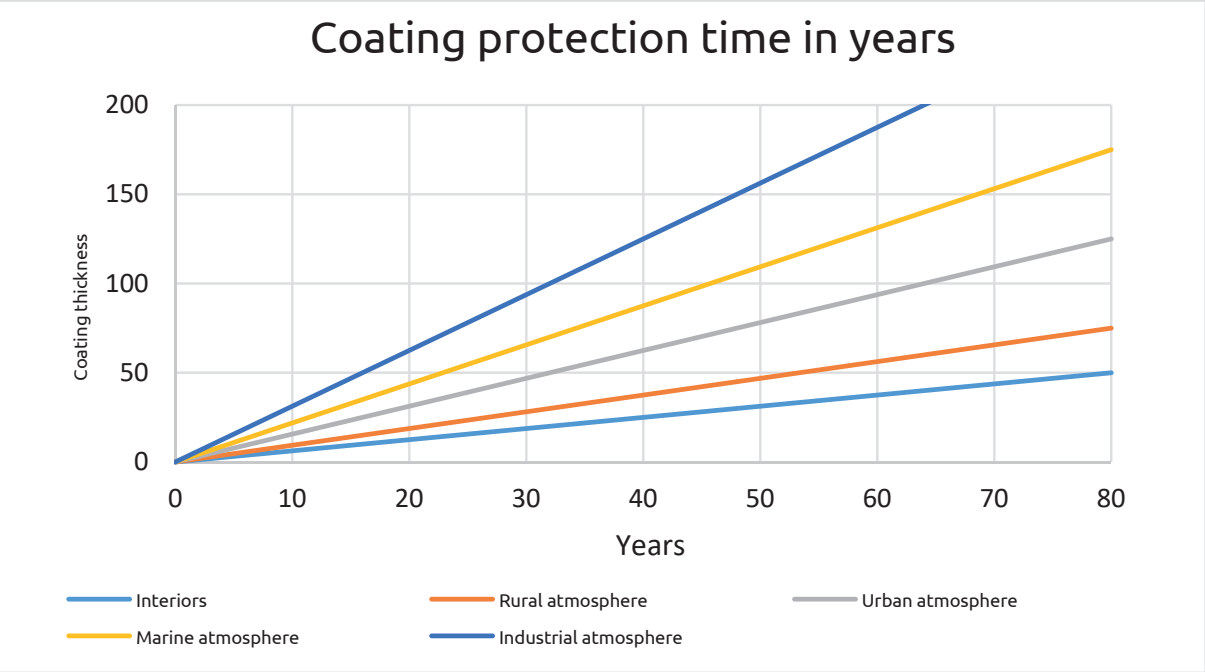


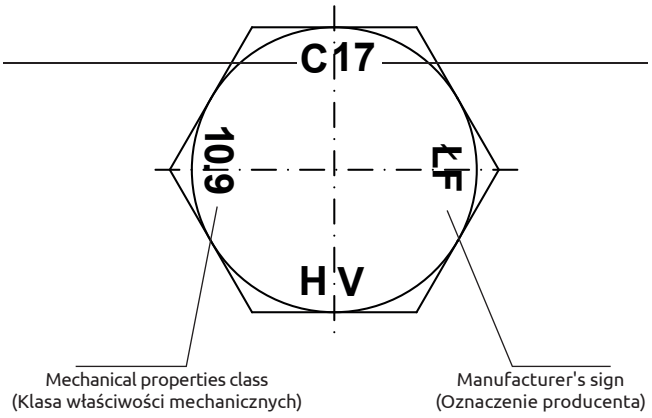
Fig. 3. Protection time of the zinc coating in years.

3.3.4 LABELING

The bolts should be labeled in accordance with PN-EN 14399-4;2015 and PN-EN 1090-2;2018 for full identification also after assembly. The bolt labeling presented in Fig. 4 consists of the mechanical property class, manufacturer identification mark, HV mark and batch identification number (e.g. month and year of production). Labeling must be placed on the upper surface of the head; concave or convex labeling is allowed.

Month of production
(Miesiąc produkcji)

Mark	Miesiąc/Month
C	styczeń/ January
D	luty/ February
E	marzec/ March
F	kwiecień/ April
H	maj/ May
I	czerwiec/ June
J	lipiec/ July
K	sierpień/ August
L	wrzesień/ September
M	październik/ October
N	listopad/ November
O	grudzień/ December



Year of production
(Rok produkcji)

Mark	Rok/Year
17	2017
18	2018
19	2019
20	2020
21	2021
22	2022
23	2023
24	2024
25	2025
26	2026
27	2027
28	2028

Fig. 4. Bolt labeling according to PN-EN 14399-4;2015, allowing full batch identification.

HV3 BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

3.4 REQUIREMENTS FOR NUTS (EN 14399-4:2015)

3.4.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Tab. 11. Requirements for nuts and standards referenced by EN 14399-4:2005.

Material		Steel
General requirements		EN 14399-1 and EN 14399-2
Thread	Tolerance	6 H or 6 AZ
	International standards	ISO 261, ISO 965-2, ISO 965-5
Mechanical properties	Mechanical property class	10
	European standard	EN ISO 898-2
Tolerances	Accuracy class	B
	International standard	EN ISO 4759-1
Surface finish[a]	Normal	According to the process [a]
	Hot-dip galvanized	EN ISO 10684
	Other	To be agreed [b]
Surface discontinuities		Limitations concerning surface discontinuities are specified in EN 26157-1.
Acceptance		Acceptance procedure, see EN ISO 3269.

[a] According to the process" means normal finish performed by the manufacturer and light oil coverage.

[b] The recipient and the manufacturer may agree on other coatings, if they do not affect the reduction of mechanical properties or performance characteristics. Cadmium or cadmium alloy coatings are not allowed.

3.4.2 MATERIAL

Chemical composition of the material used must be in accordance with ISO 898-2.

Tab. 12. Chemical composition of steel used for the manufacture of nuts according to ISO 898-2:2012.

Thread	Strength class		Material and heat treatment of nuts	Chemical composition (% mas.)[a]			
				C	Mn	P	S
				max.	min.	max.	max.
	10[c]		Carbon steel, QT[e]	0,58	0,30	0,048	0,058

QT = Hardened and tempered nuts.

[a] In disputable matters, the product analysis applies.

[c] Alloying elements may be added, provided that the mechanical properties required in section 7 of ISO 898-2;2012 are met.

[e] In the case of materials with these property classes, the hardenability should be sufficient to provide the structure consisting of approximately 90% of martensite in the "prior-hardening" state, before tempering in the threaded area of the nut.

3.4.3 MECHANICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

The nut should comply with EN 14399-4;2015 and ISO 898-2;2012 for class 10.

Tab. 13. Hardness properties of standard threaded nuts, ISO 898-2:2012.

	Strength class 10					
Thread	Vickers hardness, HV		Brinell hardness, HB		Rockwell hardness, HR	
D	min	max	min	max	min	max
M5 ≤ D ≤ M16	272	353	259	336	26	36
M16 < D ≤M39						

Tab. 14. Test load values for nuts with the standard thread.

		Load[a], kN								
Thread	D	M12	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30	M33	M36
Thread pitch	P	1,75	2	2,5	2,5	3	3	3,5	3,5	4
Strength class	10	88 500	164 900	259 700	321 200	374 200	486 500	594 700	735 600	866 000

[a] When using flat nuts, one should take into account that the shear force is less than the full-load nut test force (see Attachment A in ISO 898-2:2012).

HV3 BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

3.4.4 NUT DIMENSIONS

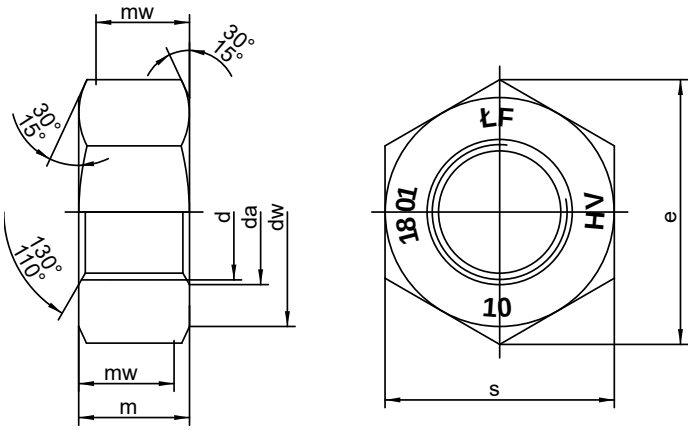


Fig. 5. Nut according to EN 14399-4;2015.

Tab. 15. Nut dimensions according to EN 14399-4;2015.

Thread (d)		M12	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30	M36
Hub		1,75	2,0	2,5	2,5	3,0	3,0	3,5	4,0
da	max	13,0	17,3	21,6	23,7	25,9	29,1	32,4	38,9
	min	12	16	20	22	24	27	30	36
dw min		20,1	24,9	29,5	33,3	38,0	42,8	46,6	55,9
e min		23,91	29,56	35,03	39,55	45,20	50,85	55,37	66,44
m	nom. = max	10	13	16	18	20	22	24	29
	min	9,64	12,30	14,90	16,90	18,70	20,70	22,70	27,70
mw min		7,71	9,84	11,92	13,52	14,96	16,56	18,16	22,16
s	nom. = max	22	27	32	36	41	46	50	60
	min	21,16	26,16	31,00	35,00	40,00	45,00	49,00	58,80

Tab. 16. Nut weight according to EN 14399-4;2015.

Weight – Nuts (g/pc)								
Assortment	M12	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30	M36
Weight [g]	24,76	45,45	75,4	109,12	164,04	225,14	286,01	497,63

3.4.5 NUT MARKING

The nuts should be marked in accordance with PN-EN 14399-4;2015 and PN-EN 1090-2;2018 for full identification also after assembly. The nut marking presented in Fig. 6 consists of the mechanical property class, set manufacturer identification mark, HV mark and batch number (e.g. month and year). Marking must be placed on the upper surface of the head; concave or convex marking is allowed.

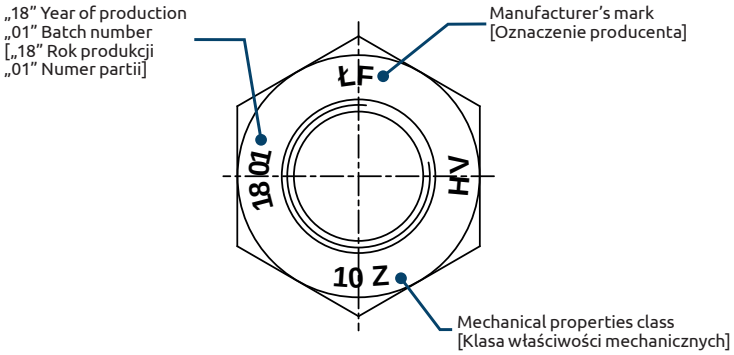


Fig. 6. Nut marking in accordance with EN 13499-4;2015, allowing full batch identification.

HV3 BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

3.5 REQUIREMENTS FOR WASHERS (EN 14399-6;2015)

3.5.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Tab. 17. Requirements and standards referenced by EN 13499-6:2015.

Material		Steel
General requirements		EN 14399-1 and 14399-2
Mechanical properties	Hardness range	300 HV to 370 HV
Tolerances	Accuracy class	A
	International standard	EN ISO 4759-3
Finish coating[a]	Uncoated	According to the process [b]
	Hot dip galvanized	EN ISO 10684
	Others	To be agreed [c]
Workmanship		Parts shall be uniform and free of irregularities or detrimental defects. No protruding burrs shall appear on the washer
Acceptability		For acceptance procedure, see EN ISO 3269

[a] Attention is drawn to the need to take into account the risk of hydrogen embrittlement when selecting the appropriate surface treatment process (e.g. cleaning and coating), see relevant coating application standards.

[b] "According to the process" means normal finish performed by the manufacturer and light oil coverage.

[c] The recipient and the manufacturer may agree on other coatings, if they do not affect the reduction of mechanical properties or performance characteristics. Cadmium or cadmium alloy coatings are not allowed.

3.5.2 MATERIAL

Chemical composition of the washer should be in accordance with ISO 898-3;2018.

Tab.18. Chemical composition of steel used for the production of washers according to ISO 898-3:2018.

Property class	Material and process		Chemical composition (% mas.)[a,b,c]					Minimum tempering temperature [b,c] °C
	Material	Process	C		P	S	B[d]	
			min.	max.	max.	max.	max.	
300HV[f]	Alloys steel [g]	Hardening and tempering	0,17	0,80	0,035	0,035	0,003	425
	Alloys steel [h]		0,14	1,30	0,035	0,035	0,003	425

[a] In disputable matters, the product analysis applies.

[b] In the case of lock washers, see ISO 10644 or ISO 10673. Chemical composition and minimum tempering temperature should be agreed between the buyer and the supplier when placing the order.

[c] In the case of special applications (e.g. hot-dip galvanization washers), chemical composition and minimum tempering temperature should be agreed between the buyer and the supper when placing the order.

[d] The boron content should be a maximum of 0.003%, but may be up to 0.005%, provided that the boron concentration is supplemented by titanium and/or aluminum.

[f] There must be sufficient hardenability to provide the structure consisting of approximately 90% of martensite in the core area in the "post-hardening" state before tempering.

[g] Carbon steel may contain additives, e.g. chromium, manganese, nickel, etc.

[h] Alloy steel contains at least one of the following elements in the minimum amounts: 0.30% chromium, 0.20% manganese, 0.30% nickel, 0.10% vanadium, 0.08% molybdenum and 0.0008% boron. If the elements are specified in connections, the permissible value to be used to determine the steel class is 70% of the sum of the individual minimum values specified above for the given elements.

[i] To consider hydrogen embrittlement, see ISO/TR 20491.

3.5.3 MECHANICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Mechanical properties of the washer should be in accordance with EN 14399-6;2015 and ISO 898-3;2018.

Tab. 19. Combination of property classes of flat washers (e.g. plain washers) with property classes of bolts, screws, studs and nuts.

Threaded connections according to ISO 898-1 and ISO 898-2		Property classes for flat washers
Property class		300HV[a]
Bolts, screws and studs	Regular and high nuts	
9.8, 10.9	10	RC

RC = recommended connection

[a] Only the 200 HV or 300 HV property classes are standardized for lock washers in bolts in accordance with ISO 10644 or ISO 10674.

HV3 BOLT SETS FOR PRELOADING - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

3.5.4 WASHER DIMENSIONS

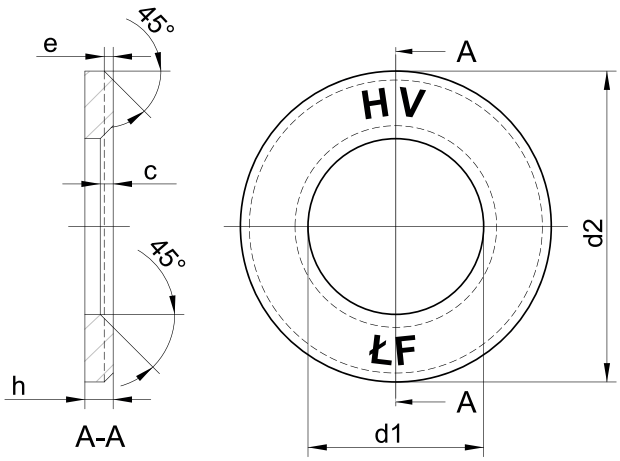


Fig. 7. Washer according to EN 14399-6;2015.

Tab. 20. Washer dimensions according to EN 13499-6;2015.

Nominal diameter of the thread of the connected bolts		12	16	20	22	24	27	30	36
d1	min	13	17	21	23	25	28	31	37
	max	13,27	17,27	21,33	23,33	25,33	28,52	31,62	37,62
d2	min	23,48	29,48	36,38	38,38	43,38	49,00	54,80	64,80
	max	24	30	37	39	44	50	56	66
h	nom.	3	4	4	4	4	5	5	6
	min	2,7	3,7	3,7	3,7	3,7	4,4	4,4	5,4
	max	3,3	4,3	4,3	4,3	4,3	5,6	5,6	6,6
e	nom. = min	0,5	0,75	0,75	0,75	0,75	1,00	1,00	1,25
	max	1,00	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	2,00	2,00	2,50
c	min	1,6	1,6	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,5	2,5	2,5
	max	1,9	1,9	2,5	2,5	2,5	3,0	3,0	3,0

Nut geometry should be in accordance with PN-EN 14399-6;2015, i.e. have the cut on one side.

Tab. 21. Washer weight according to EN 14399-6;2015.

Chamfered washers								
Assortment	M12	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30	M36
Weight [g]	6,79	13,9	20,82	22,29	29,95	48,2	61,72	102,92

3.5.5 WASHER MARKING

Washers should be marked in accordance with PN-EN 14399-6;2015. The washer marking presented in Fig. 8 consists of the set manufacturer identification mark and HV mark. The marking should be placed on the side without cut.

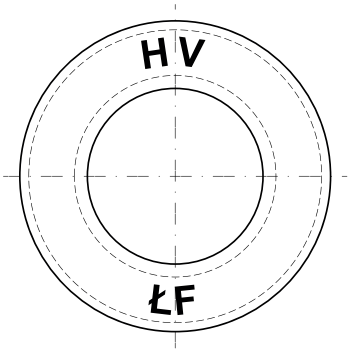


Fig. 8 Washer marking according to EN 14399-6;2015, allowing full batch identification.

GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR THE ASSEMBLY OF BOLT SETS

4.1 BOLT SETS

a) For assembly, use bolts, nuts and washers from one manufacturer.

b) HV sets for K-class K2 should only be used together with tested nuts.

c) For class 10.9 bolts, washers under the head and under the nut are required.

NOTE - The bolt set, which was tightened to the minimum tightening level and then unbolted - is not suitable for further use and should be scrapped!

d) Tightening is performed by turning the nut, unless access is insufficient, then tightening by turning the bolt requires consultation with the supplier and preparation of special sets.

NOTE - Additional lubrication of the set components is not allowed! It causes changes in the K coefficient value.

e) Tighten subsequent bolts in the first and last cycle from the most to the least rigid contact zone, as shown in Fig. 9. More than one tightening cycle may be needed to achieve even tightening.

f) Install the nuts so that their marking is visible after assembly.

g) In preloading, the protruding part of the thread, measured from the face of the nut to the end of the spindle, should have the length not less than one thread pitch.

h) Washers according to EN 14399-6 should be installed with the cut to the bolt head.

i) When using the torque control method, tightening cannot be applied after a few days (current guidelines of EN 1090-2:2018)

j) In the case of thick coatings, possible measures to compensate for the accidental drop in the tightening force should be determined in the specification.

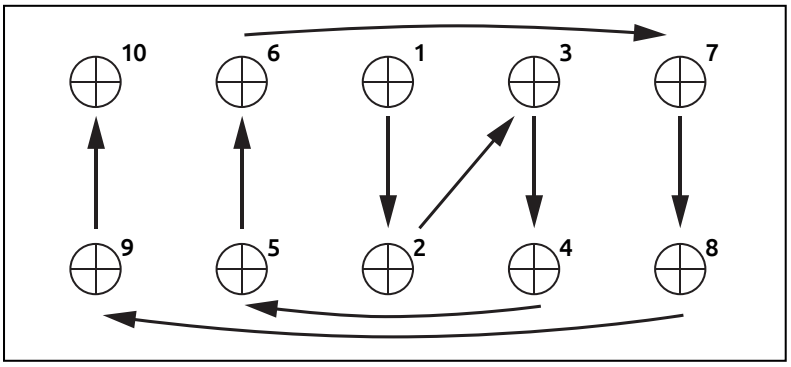


Fig. 9 Sample order of tightening bolts in the connection.

k) In the case of connections with double-sided covers (Fig. 10), the value of D should not exceed 1 [mm]. If steel seal plates are provided, ensuring non-exceedance of the aforementioned limit, their thickness should not be less than 1 [mm].

In the conditions of crevice corrosion danger, tighter contact fitting is required.

The thickness of steel plates should be selected so that the number of spacers does not exceed three.

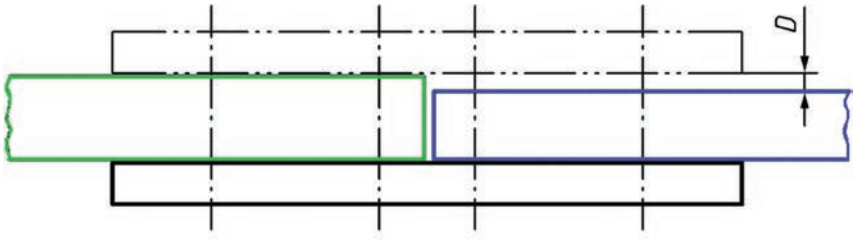


Fig. 10 Difference in the thickness of parts in the connection with double-sided covers.

HV4 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR THE ASSEMBLY OF BOLT SETS

4.2 CONTACT SURFACES

a) Contact surfaces should be free from impurities, such as oil, dirt or paint. Burrs that could prevent close adhesion of connected surfaces should be removed.

b) Uncoated surfaces should be free from rust and other loose materials. Be careful not to disturb rough contact surfaces.

c) To adjust the clamping length, one additional sheet metal washer (not thinner than 4 mm) or at most 3 standard washers with a maximum total thickness of 12 mm can be used.

In preloading, only one washer from the side of the tightened part (nut) can be used by means of the tightening torque control method (for class K2) and possibly an additional washer made of sheet metal or standard washers from the not-tightened part (bolt).

NOTE! The use of additional washers may cause the movement of the shear plane to the threaded part of the bolt. In such cases, it is necessary to check the carrying capacity.

4.3 TORQUE WRENCHES

a) To obtain a certain tightening force, use torque wrenches that give the possibility to accurately set the required tightening torque indicated on the label of bolts obtained for preloading.

b) Hand or power wrenches can be used. Impact wrenches can be used for the first bolt tightening step. The use of the impact wrench is not recommended due to the difficulty to meet the ±4% accuracy requirement.

c) Torque wrenches should ensure decoupling when achieving the set tightening torque or have a clear reading of the torque value. In both cases, the error tolerance of ± 0.1 Mv cannot be exceeded.

d) Torque wrenches used in all phases of the torque control method and for testing should be carefully calibrated and have the accuracy of ± 4 % according to EN ISO 6789. The wrenches are kept under control in accordance with EN ISO 6789, while pneumatic wrenches are checked whenever the length of the cable changes.

e) The wrenches should be checked after each incident that occurred during their use, i.e. significant impact, fall, overload, etc., or in the case of malfunction.

f) When the result of the control is the replacement of the bolt, check the accuracy of the torque wrench.

4.4 ASSEMBLY METHOD CALCULATIONS

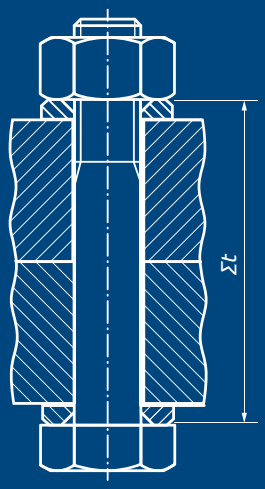
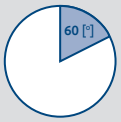
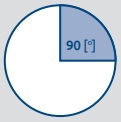
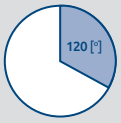
Tab. 22. Calculations of assembly methods of HV sets.

Tightening force $F_{p,C} = 0,7 * f_{ub} * A_s$									
		M12	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30	M36
A_s	mm²	84,3	157	245	303	353	459	561	817
$F_{p,C}$	kN	59	110	172	212	247	321	393	572

K1-METHOD									
$M_{r,1} = 0,125 * d * F_{p,C}$									
First tightening step									
		M12	M16	M20	M22	M24	M27	M30	M36
0,75 $M_{r,1}$	Nm	70	170	320	440	560	820	1100	2000

* Values were rounded to facilitate the setting of the torque wrench in construction conditions.

HV4 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR THE ASSEMBLY OF BOLT SETS

Second tightening step				
The clamp length Σt of the parts to be connected (containing all washers); d - nominal diameter of the bolt		**Additional angle/part of rotation in the second tightening**		
	Σt < 2d	Angle [°]	60	
		Part of rotation [-]	1/6	
	2d ≤ Σt ≤ 6d	Angle [°]	90	
		Part of rotation [-]	1/4	
	6d ≤ Σt ≤ 10d	Angle [°]	120	
		Part of rotation [-]	1/3	

Example of calculation of the combined method. For the M20 x 100 bolt with the value of the k coefficient of 0.12.	
First tightening step	Select from the first step table: **320 [Nm]**
Second tightening step:	For the M20 x 100 bolt, the value Σt is 73-78 [mm] from Tab. 4.
	73/20 = 3.65 and 78/20 = 3.9 hence 2d ≤ Σt ≤ 6d
	Additional angle in the second tightening step is **90 [°]**

K2-METHOD

In the K2 method, the value k_m in the connection suitability test according to EN 14399;2015 should be determined. The result of k_m must be in the range 0,10 ≤ k_m ≤0,23 and the variation of the coefficient k_m must be less or equal to 0,06 (Vk ≤ 0,06) sein. Then calculate the value $M_{r,2}$.

$M_{r,2} = k_m * d * F_{p,C}$	
First tightening step	0,75 * $M_{r,2}$ [Nm]
Second tightening step:	1,1 * $M_{r,2}$ [Nm]
Example of calculation of the torque control method. For the M20 x 100 bolt with the value of k_m 0,123 and V_k 0,048.	
	$M_{r,2}$= 0,123 * 20 * 172 = 422 [Nm]
First tightening step:	0,75 * $M_{r,2}$ = 316 [Nm]
Second tightening step:	1,1 * $M_{r,2}$ = 464 [Nm]

HV4 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR THE ASSEMBLY OF BOLT SETS

4.5 ASSEMBLY METHOD BY COMBINED METHOD - K1

4.5.1 GENERAL ASSEMBLY GUIDELINES BY COMBINED METHOD - CLASS K1

Before assembly, the following requirements must be met:

a) Observe the recommendations from section 4.1

b) Use the torque wrench with an appropriate operating range; the wrench can be hand or mechanical.

c) Assembly with the torque that is continuous and smooth. The bolt assembly cannot be interrupted until the set-point on the wrench is obtained.

d) Perform two tightening steps.

e) Take the torque value and the angle of rotation given on the label from the manufacturer.

4.5.2 CLASS 1 LABEL

Example of the label for class K1 presented in Fig. 11 contains the following information:

a) Set assortment (e.g. M12)

b) Class 1 requirements

c) Class K1 parameter values

d) Tightening step values

4.5.3 CLASS K1 PARAMETERS

F_v – Bolt tightening value [kN]

First tightening step

a) The wrench should be set to the torque value given in "Step 1" placed on the label (e.g. for example of the label from Fig. 11 it is 70 [Nm]).

b) The first tightening step should be performed for all bolts in one connection before starting the second tightening step.

Second tightening step

a) After the first tightening step, determine the position of the bolt thread. You can use chalk or paint for marking. This will allow to easily assess the rotation of the nut after the second step.

b) The wrench should be set to the value of the angle of rotation given in "Stage 2" placed on the label (e.g. for example of the label from Fig. 11 it is 90 [°]).

c) The second tightening step should be performed for all bolts in one connection.

Fig. 11 An example of the label characterizing the bolt for class K1.

HV4 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR THE ASSEMBLY OF BOLT SETS

4.6 TORQUE CONTROL ASSEMBLY METHOD - K2

4.6.1 GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR THE TORQUE CONTROL ASSEMBLY - CLASS K2

a) Observe the recommendations from section 4.1

b) Use the torque wrench with an appropriate operating range; the wrench can be hand or mechanical.

c) For the first step, it is recommended to use the impact wrench due to the ±4% accuracy requirement.

d) Assembly with the torque that is continuous and smooth. The bolt assembly cannot be interrupted until the set-point on the wrench is obtained.

e) Perform two tightening steps.

f) Take the torque value given on the label from the manufacturer.

4.6.2 CLASS 2 LABEL

Example of the label for class K2 presented in Fig. 12 contains the following information:

a) Set assortment (e.g. M16)

b) Class 2 requirements

c) Class K2 parameter values

d) Tightening step values

e) Note concerning the set

4.6.3 CLASS K2 PARAMETERS

F_v – Bolt tightening value [kN]

k_m – average value of the k coefficient

V_k – coefficient of variation of the k coefficient

First tightening step

a) The wrench should be set to the torque value given in "Step 1" placed on the label (e.g. for example of the label from Fig. 12 it is 165 [Nm]).

b) The first tightening step should be performed for all bolts in one connection before starting the second tightening step.

Second tightening step

a) The wrench should be set to the torque value given in "Step 2" placed on the label (e.g. for example of the label from Fig. 12 it is 245 [Nm]).

b) The second tightening step should be performed for all bolts in one connection.

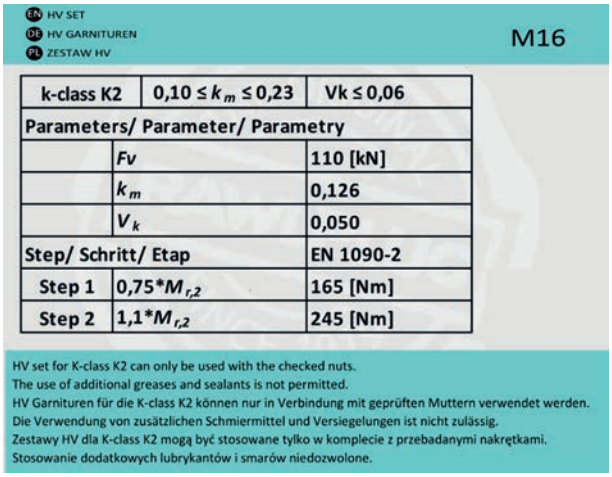


Fig. 12 An example of the additional label characterizing the bolt set for class K2.

HV4 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR THE ASSEMBLY OF BOLT SETS

4.7 CONTROL OF PRELOADED BOLT CONNECTIONS

4.7.1 FRICTION SURFACE CONTROL

a) All friction surfaces are checked visually, immediately prior to the assembly process.

b) The assessment criteria of the surface should be in accordance with section 4.1.

4.7.2 CONTROL BEFORE TIGHTENING

a) All preloading are checked visually before tightening, after initial tightening of bolts and local adjustment of the structure.

b) Acceptance criteria should be in accordance with section 4.1.

c) For EXC2, EXC3 and EXC4 class structures, check the tightening procedure.

d) Torque wrenches used to compress the connections should be verified for compliance with section 4.3 and have the calibration certificate

4.7.3 CONTROL DURING TIGHTENING AND AFTER TIGHTENING

4.7.3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

In the case of EXC2, EXC3 and EXC4 class structures, the following control is performed during and after tightening:

a) Control locations are selected on a random sample basis, taking into account the following relevant variables: connection type, bolt group, number, type and dimensions of bolts, equipment used and its operator.

b) For control purposes, the bolt group is defined as bolt sets in similar connections, homogeneous in terms of dimension origin and class. Significant bolt groups can be divided into subgroups for control purposes;

c) The following numbers of bolt sets are controlled depending on the assembly method

- EXC2: 5% in the second step of the torque control method or combined method
- EXC3 and EXC4:
  - 5% in the first step; 10 % in the second step of the combined method,
  - 10% in the second step of the torque control method.

d) Unless the specification provides otherwise, the control is performed on a sufficient number of bolts using the sequential method **(section 4.7.3.2)**, unless the acceptance or rejection criteria for the type of sequential test (or testing of all sets) are met. The following sequence types are used:

- EXC2 and EXC3: - A sequence;
- EXC4: - B sequence;

e) At this tightening step, the connection is visually checked in terms of tight contact adhesion;

f) The final tightening control of bolt sets shall be used to detect under-tightening or, if so specified in the specification, excessive tightening of the bolts;

g) The pre-tightening control is only performed in terms of loosening the bolts;

h) The criteria defining non-compliance and correction requirements are given below for each bolt tightening method;

i) If the control indicates non-compliance, all bolt sets in a given subgroup of bolts should be checked and corrected accordingly. When negative control results are obtained using A sequence, the control can be extended using B sequence;

j) After the correction is made, the re-control is performed.

k) If the fasteners were used in accordance with the established tightening method, the entire bolt group must be replaced and confirmed.

Tab. 23. Inspection of tightening by the torque method according to EN 1090-2:2018.

Execution class	At start of tightening	After tightening
EXC2	Identification of assembly bolt lot locations	Inspection of the second tightening step
EXC3 und EXC4	Identification of assembly bolt lot locations Checking the bolt tightening procedure for each bolt group	Inspection of the second tightening step

4.7.3.2 SEQUENTIAL METHOD OF CONNECTOR CONTROL

The control of connectors using the sequential method is performed in accordance with the principles given in ISO 2859-5. The standard contains the rules referring to the progressive analysis of successively obtained control test results. The graphical method is used to control the connectors.

Two control cases are described in Fig. 13 and individual objects included in the envelope are explained:

HV4 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR THE ASSEMBLY OF BOLT SETS

Key:	Example:	
X - number of controlled connectors,	**Dashed line:** 2, 6 and 12 connectors are defective. The control curve, crossing the envelopes in the 12th sample (R point) is in the rejection zone.	**Dotted line:** 4 and 8 connectors are defective. The control was continued until the control curve was crossed with the vertical envelope section in the 16th sample I (A point) and reached the acceptance zone.
Y - number of defective connectors,		
1 - rejection zone		
2 - continuation one (no conclusions)		
3 - acceptance zone		

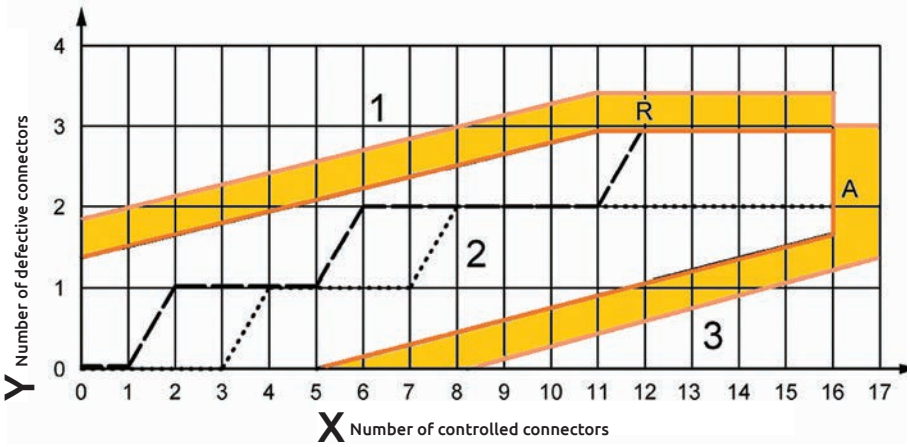


Fig. 13. Example of sequential inspection diagram according to EN 1090-2:2018.

4.7.3.3 TORQUE CONTROL METHOD

The bolt sets are controlled according to Tab. 23 by rotating the nut by means of the calibrated torque wrench (or the bolt head, if so determined). The purpose of the control is to check whether the torque value necessary to initiate the rotation is at least 1.05MA. The rotation should closely correspond to the minimum value. The following conditions apply:

a) The torque wrench used for control should be carefully calibrated and have an accuracy of ±4 %,

b) The control should be performed between 12h and 72h after completing the final tightening of the bolts in a given sub-group,

NOTE: When the bolt sets with different batch and control torque value are to be controlled, the location of each batch should be determined.

NOTE: When the contact surfaces have protective coatings, especially paint coatings, this may cause the decrease in the tightening force value, which makes it impossible to meet the design criteria. In such cases, it may be necessary to apply special control procedures, such as continuation of the tightening control.

c) When the result of the control is the replacement of the bolt, check the accuracy of the torque wrench.

d) The bolt set in which the nut turned more than 15° after the application of the torque is considered to be non-tightened (< 100%) and should be tightened to 100% of the required torque.

e) If checking the set in terms of exceeding the assembly torque is specified, the requirements must be determined and met.

NOTE: If during the control the tightening torques were exceeded, the sets should be replaced with new ones and the old sets should be scrapped.

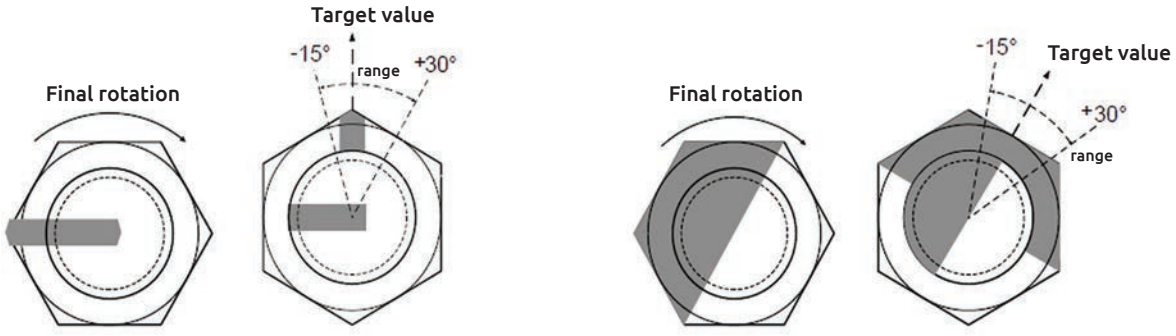


Fig. 14. Bolt marking methods before the second tightening step.

HV4 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR THE ASSEMBLY OF BOLT SETS

4.7.3.4 COMBINED METHOD

In the case of EXC3 and EXC4 class structures, the first step of connection control is performed before marking the sets. In this case, the same torque as in the first tightening step (Step 1) is used. The bolts that rotate more than 15[°] after applying the control torque, are considered insufficiently tight and must be properly tightened.

If there is no close adhesion of the parts, the calibration of torque wrenches should be checked taking into account sample loads. If necessary, repeat the first tightening step already with the adjusted torque values.

Before starting the second step, the marking on all nuts and threads is checked visually. Missing marking must be completed.

After the second step, the sets labeled should be checked in terms of the following requirements:

a) Correct if the angle obtained is smaller by more than 15[°] from the required value,

b) The bolt set is replaced with the new one when:

- The angle of rotation obtained is larger than 30[°] from the required value,
- The bolt or nut was damaged.-0

HV5 LIST OF TABLES FROM THE MANUAL:


RAWLPLUG

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